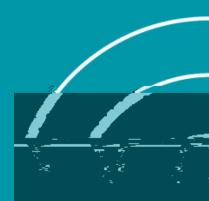


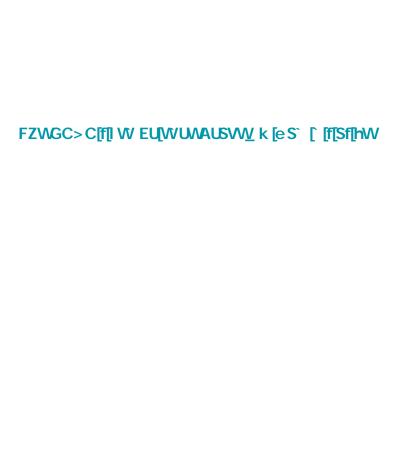
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Community-based and practice-led trai

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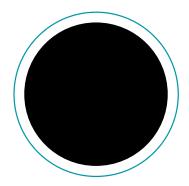
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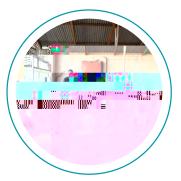
Citizen social science often uses different kinds of research methods such as participatort cesearch, qualitati e methods and co-production. Citizen social scientists get in ol ed in identif ing the research questions, designing the research and anal sing the results to generate kno ledge that helps to build ciffuditional transfer in the contract of the contract o











Training

- Practice-based orkshops
- Qualitati e data collection including in-depth inter ie s, focus groups, alking ethnograph and photo-elicitation inter ie s

Who we work with

Our partners pla an important role in shaping the design and the delilan



Get involved

If you'd like to know more about the UCL Citizen Science Academy and our work or you're interested in collaborating with us and becoming a partner, please get in touch with our team at procol.uk ucl.ac.uk.



Where

The stud examines the experiences of households in 15 areas in file boroughs of east London that are part of, or neighbour, large-scale and long-term strategic regeneration initiatiles: Ne ham, To er Hamlets, Hackne, altham Forest, and Barking & Dagenham.

The 15 areas in the stud ha e been selected because the include 'established' lo -income communities - places here households experience multiple forms of depri ation and inequalit , as ell as 'ne 'mixed-income communities - places here ne housing de elopment and job opportunities are attracting ne residents.



Figure 1 Map of Pros erity in east London 2021-2031 research sites

The citizen social scientists participated in a 3-month structured emplo ment and research training programme conducted b CL's Citizen Science Academ .

The first a e of the qualitati e research took place bet een September and October 2021. Ten residents from east London ere emplo ed and supported b communit organisations Compost CIC, Hackne Quest, and Leaders in the Communit . Citizen social scientists ere emplo ed and paid on a part-time basis.

The posts ere publicl ad ertised, ith no prior research experience required, and preference as gi en to indi iduals ho had li ed in the sites for o er 5 ears.

The citizen social scientists learned and carried out photo-elicitati





Case study 2

PROCOL Lebanon: Prosperity in the **∆**∎e of Mass Displacement

PROCOL Lebanon is an innovative research collaboration that works to speed up transitions to sustainable, prosperous societies in the context of mass displacement. It is about the prosperity of Lebanon in particular, but is also part of a larger agenda for developing sustainable ways to improve the quality of life of people throughout the world.

PROCOL Lebanon brings Lebanese and UK institutions and expertise todether using cutting-edge research and innovation. Its research focuses on the themes of prosperity, the vital city, green futures, fut re education, and creating value. So far, PROCOL Lebanon has de reloped Prosperity indices for Hamra (Beirut) and Mina (Tripoli), a Vu nerability Index for Mar Mikhael (Beirut), and Quality of Livelihoods datasets for Ras Beirut and Mina.

PR DCOL Lebanon's data on prosperity, vulnerability and livelihoods is used to catalyse positive social change through citizen-led interventions in the community, policy change, cal acity building and education.

Partners

Partner organizations include educational institutions, N Os, municipal bodies, academic and activist initiatives, artistic collectives, and individual initiatives.

Where

Hamra and Ras Beirut are the most diverse sites in terms of social and economic diversity. They also host our main partners, the American University of Beirut and Centre for Lebanese Studies.

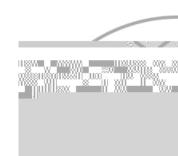
In Bouri Al Barajneh (refugee camp), Ouzai and Bar Elias, the research looked specifically at refugees' socio and spatial practices.

Karantina and Mar Mikhael were chosen as a result of the Beirut blast and our need to contribute to the response in the reconstruction and rehabilitation phase.



Akkar

• Reports:



Case study 3

Maisha Bora [Good Life] Study

The Maisha Bora Study is an innovative, community-led research project exploring what prosperity means to people living in three unplanned (often referred to as 'informal') settlements in Dar es Salaam, Tanzania – Mji Mpya, Bonde La Mpunga, and Keko Machungwa.

The goal of the research is to develop new ways of understanding and measuring prosperity in unplanned settlements that reflect peoples' lived experiences and what supports and what prevents people from living prosperous lives. The findings will be shared with municipal and city policymakers to identify priorities for action with community leaders and residents and to change policymaking.

The Centre for Community Initiatives (CCI) is an N O formed by Tanzanians with a desire to provide technical and financial assistance to communities living in unplanned settlements and the Tanzania Urban Poor Federation (TUPF). CCI strives to create inclusive cities with united and empowered communities of the urban poor who have the capacity to voice, promote, and negotiate for their collective interests.

Centre for Community Initiatives (CCI), Dar es Salaam, Tanzania

KNOW (Knowledge in Action for Urban Equality)
Project

Where

Dar a A



Training and Methods





The second part of the research involved surveying over 1,000 households in the three settlements. The initial results of the household survey were presented at events with academic and policy researchers, and community members, N Os, and ward and municipal officials in Dar es Salaam in April 2022. I P and CCI statistical analysts are currently working on the Maisha Bora ora

The team have developed a range of outputs including:

- The 'maisha bora model' representing what supports a good life for residents in unplanned settlements
- A household survey that can be replicated in other unplanned settlements in Tanzania
- Training materials
- Research findings that have been published in the academic journal Urban Planning, and translated into Swahili and published in a working paper.

Case study 4

Agric

Outputs